Certain medical conditions can increase the risk of developing active tuberculosis in someone who has a positive tuberculin skin test. Do you have any of the following medical conditions (circle Y, N, or Unknown for each question)?

19. Diabetes mellitus? Y N Unk
20. Prolonged corticosteroid therapy (prednisolone)? Y N Unk
21. Are you immunocompromised? Y N Unk
22. Are you on immunosuppressive therapy? Y N Unk
23. Do you have lymphoma? Y N Unk
24. Do you have a head and neck cancer? Y N Unk
25. Do you have metastatic cancer? Y N Unk
26. Do you have leukemia? Y N Unk
27. Do you have polycystic kidney failure? Y N Unk
28. Have you had sudden rapid weight loss? Y N Unk
29. Are you <10% below ideal body weight? Y N Unk
30. Have you had a gastrectomy? Y N Unk
31. Have you had a jejunostomy? Y N Unk

HIV Infection can greatly increase the chance of becoming sick with active tuberculosis if a person also has a positive tuberculin skin test. Because of this, all patients undergoing a tuberculosis evaluation are offered HIV testing. The next questions are to help determine what a person’s risk is for HIV infection.

31. HIV risk behavior (choose all that apply):
   (1) Heterosexual activity
   (2) IDU
   (3) Bisexual, homosexual
   (4) Heterosexual partner of known HIV-infected individual
   (5) Blood product recipient 1983 to 1985
   (6) Heterosexual contact of IDU
   (7) None (i.e., no IDU, blood products, or sexual activity since 1983)
   (8) Unknown

32. Prior HIV Ab testing results (choose one):
   (1) None (never done)
   (2) Positive
   (3) Negative
   (4) Unknown (test was done, but patient unaware of results)

33. Prior HIV Ab test date: __/__/____

34. Was HIV education done, reviewing modes of transmission, prevention and the relation between HIV and TB?
   (1) Yes
   (2) No

35. Was the patient offered HIV counseling and/or Ab testing?
   (1) Yes
   (2) No, patient should have been but wasn’t.
   (3) No, patient already HIV Ab (+)
   (4) No, testing was not indicated at this time (i.e., patient is HIV Ab (-), or HIV Ab (+) < 6 months ago and still at risk)
   (5) No, patient is unable to give consent.
   (6) No, other (specify)

N.B. All patients with unknown or negative prior HIV Ab tests more than 6 months ago still at risk for HIV are candidates for testing

II. Diagnostic Testing
1. Tuberculin skin test (TST) result: __________ mm induration (if not done, write “<99” in space).
2. TST reading date: __/__/____
3. Lot number for PPD: __________
4. Was there a severe reaction such as:
   (1) Vesculation
   (2) Ulceration
   (3) Necrosis
   (4) No severe reaction
   (5) N/A

NB: If patient did not return for a reading within 3 to 4 days, and no reaction can be measured, repeat the test at 1 to 3 weeks and record results below.

5. TST test result: __________ mm induration (if not done, write “<99” in space).

6. TST reading date: __/__/____
7. Lot number for PPD: __________
8. Was there a severe reaction such as:
   (1) Vesculation
   (2) Ulceration
   (3) Necrosis
   (4) No severe reaction
   (5) N/A
9. QG test date: __/__/____
10. QG test results:
   (1) Positive
   (2) Negative
   (3) Equivocal
   (4) N/A, not done

III. Classification

Definition of Positive TST results
≥ 5 mm - regardless of BCG status
   HIV Ab (+) High risk for HIV and refuses test
   IDU w/ unknown HIV Ab status
   Close contact of pulmonary or laryngeal TB case
   CXR consistent w/ old TB
≥ 10 mm - regardless of BCG status
   Individuals who meet none of the criteria for the 5 mm cut off
   Other medical RF for ATB listed in Tb Interview #19 to 30
   IDU w/ known HIV Ab (-)
   Immigrant from high TB prevalence
   Underserved, low income community
   Employee or resident of congregate setting (shelters...)
   Health care provider
   Children < 5 yo
≥ 15 mm - regardless of BCG status
   Individuals who meet none of the criteria for the 5 mm or 10 mm cutoffs

Tuberculosis status (choose one):
   (1) Noncompliant with skin test reading
   (2) TST (+) (reaction is < 5mm induration)
   (3) TST (+) as tested
   (4) TST (+) by history (either documented or undocumented, or there is a prior history of treated active tuberculosis)
   (5) Active tuberculosis (at the time of this tuberculosis evaluation)
   (6) Quantiferon Gold (+)
   (7) Quantiferon Gold (0)
   (8) Quantiferon Gold (equivocal)

Please give this form to the data coordinator immediately after the TST is read (or after the interview if the patient is TST (+) by history) for entry into the TB Database.

Make sure the patient has signed consent for the results to be given to VOA, HRA, and DHS or other shelter or drop-in center administration.

LTBI Treatment
Was INH or another form of LTBI treatment offered?
   (1) No, not applicable (TST -), non-compliant with reading, already treated
   (2) No, patient should have been asked, but was not.
   (3) Yes, but patient declined or was noncompliant
   (4) Yes, patient agreed to treatment
   (5) Other, explain below: