

Rebuilding Systems: Adapting Housing Assessments to Prioritize Health, Equity, and Belonging

NHCHC Conference 2022

Disclaimer

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Goals and Objectives

- Identify ways bias is introduced in housing prioritization.
- Identify 1-2 strategies to engage individuals with lived experience in the design and revision of Coordinated Entry processes.
- Explain 2-3 consideration communities should make in updating their Coordinated Entry processes.

Who we are



Lauryn Berner, MSW, MPH – Research Manager



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Panelists



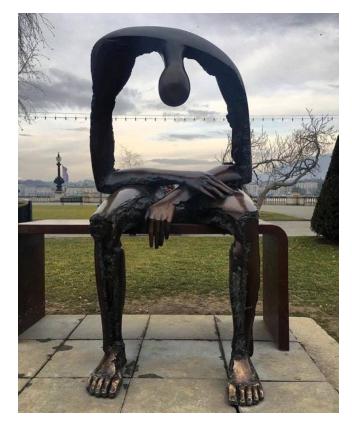
Alaina Boyer, PhD Director of Implementation
Research at NHCHC



Ben King, PhD, MPH – Clinical Assistant Professor at the University of Houston College of Medicine

The Fundamental Problem of Housing Prioritization

- The process starts with housing type and not the individual.
- We do not need to do it this way.
- We SHOULD not do it this way.
- The impact of moral injury.
 - People experiencing homelessness
 - People who work with and care for PEH



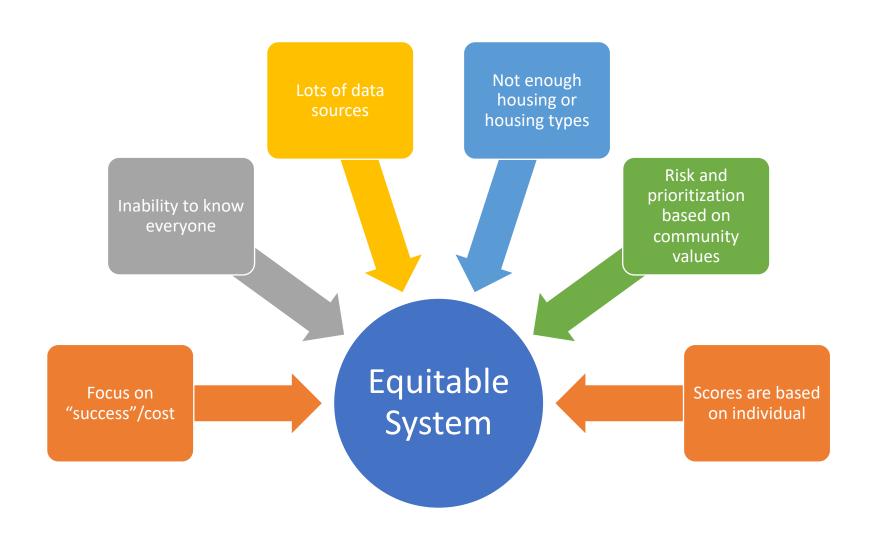
Background

Housing Prioritization is the system developed by communities to "order" who should get housing first when a unit is available based on various "vulnerabilities". This is only necessary because of the lack of adequate, quality, and affordable housing.

Vulnerabilities

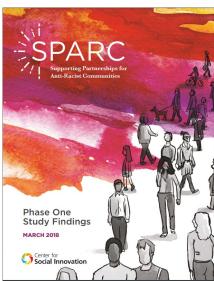
- Having a specific illness
- Risk of victimization
- Frequent use of emergency services (cost)
- Continued risk of homelessness

Challenges to creating an Equitable System



SPARC Report

- 2018 Report that provided data to demonstrate that the current prioritization process was inequitable:
 - BIPOC were overrepresented in PEH community
 - Poverty alone does not explain the inequity
 - Homeless service workforce is not representative of the people it serves
 - Identified 5 areas to focus on regarding racial inequity and homelessness:
 - Economic Mobility
 - Housing
 - Criminal Justice
 - Behavioral Health
 - Family Stabilization



Tensions in the Housing Prioritization Process

Implementation

- Gathering complete data
- Who conducts the screenings
- Not trauma informed (i.e. requiring data)
- Communities left to create the process

Consumer Navigation

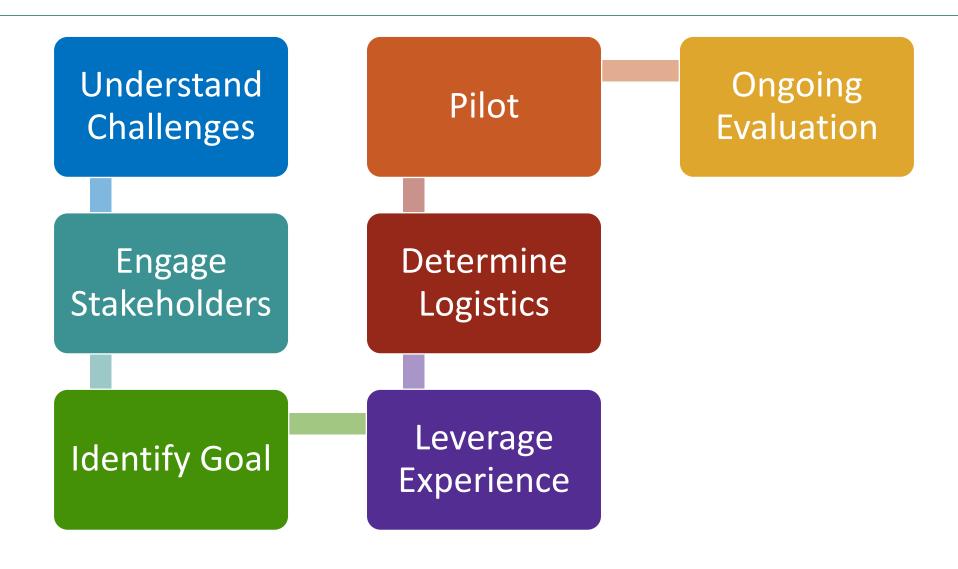
- Complex systems and need to stay connected to be "active"
- Including client choice (housing preferences: location, amenities, etc.)
- Process starts with the housing type, and clients has to fit it, rather than the other way around

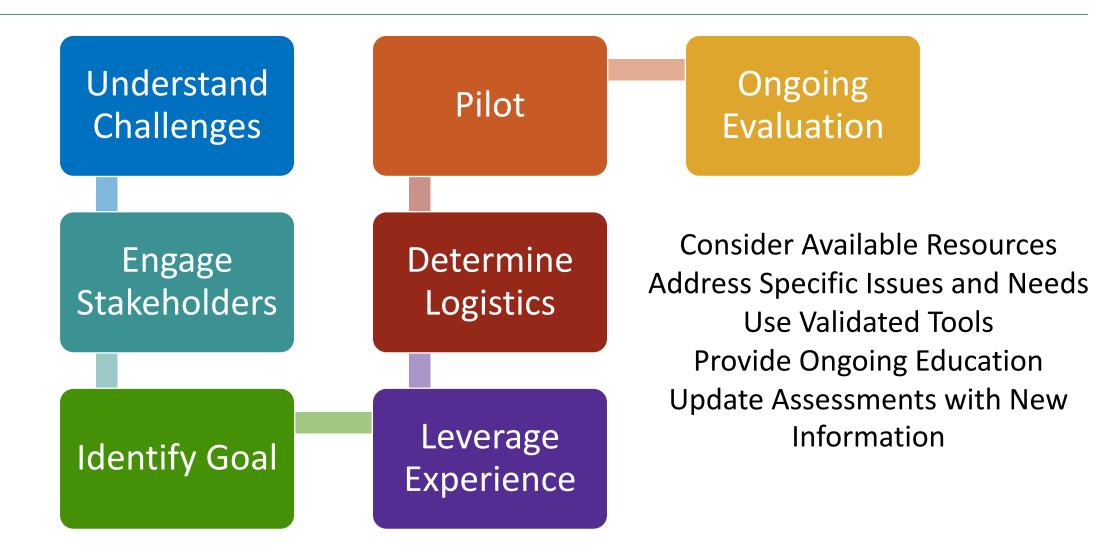
Shortfalls of Starting with the Housing Types

- Community is aging and medically complex.
- Medical fragility and morbidity/mortality not fully considered.
- Communities do not have the same array of service and may determine a person is "unable/unsafe for housing" because of this.

Recommendations







Understand Challenges Seek Inclusivity and Gather All Determine Engage Stakeholders Perspectives Logistics Involve Existing and Potential **Partners Identify Service Gaps** Leverage **Provide Training** Experience **Utilize Case Conferencing**

Understand Challenges

Pilot

Ongoing Evaluation

Engage Stakeholders Determine Logistics

Leverage Experience

Stakeholders:

People with Lived Experience

Coordinated Entry and/or Continuum of Care Staff and Board

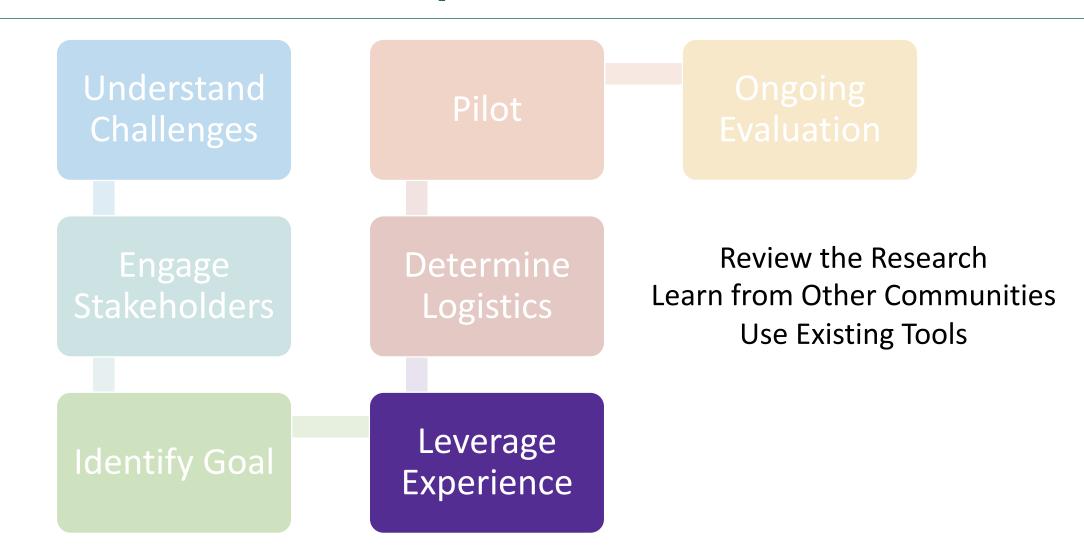
Housing Navigators

Health Center Providers

Supportive Housing Staff

Outreach Workers

Identify Goa



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